INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT

CLASS: 11

FIRST PERIODIC ASSESSMENT

Subject (039)

SET - A

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QP.NO.	VALUE POINTS	T UP MAR
		KS
1.	'urban agglomeration'	1
2.	Violence	1
3.	Effluents	1
4.	Monoculture	1
5.	The system of rules which a particular country or community recognizes as regulating the actions of its members and which it may enforce by the imposition of penalties. When a relationship of power is stable and settled and the parties involves have become accustomed to that relative positions. Then situation of domination occurs. If a serial entity is in a position of power, it is said to	2
6.	be dominant. A law is an explicitly codified norm or rule. It is usually written down, and there are laws that specify how laws are to be made or changed, or what is to be done if someone violates them. Legitimacy refers to the degree of acceptance that is involved in power relations. Something that is legitimate is accepted as proper, just and fitting.	2
7.	Hydrology: The science of water and its flows; or the broad structure of water resources in a country or region. Aquifers: Natural underground formations in the geology of a region where water gets stored.	2
8.	 Types of Authority Traditional authority: Power conferred by custom and accepted practice Legal-rational authority: Power derived from written rules and regulations of political systems Charismatic authority: Power made legitimate by a leader's exceptional personal characteristics and emotional appeal to his or her followers 	4
9.	Major environmental problems and Risks 1. Resource Depletion 2. Pollution 3. Global warming 4. Genetically modified organisms 5. Natural and man – made disasters.	6